

Busnes a Rhanbarthau - Gogledd Cymru  
Grŵp yr Economi, Trysorlys a'r Cyfansoddiad

Business and Regions - North Wales  
Economy, Treasury and Constitution Group



Llywodraeth Cymru  
Welsh Government

Sent to: monaoffshorewindproject@planninginpectorate.gov.uk

30 September 2024

Dear Planning Inspectorate

**Re: Application by Mona Offshore Wind Limited for Mona Offshore Wind Farm  
The Examining Authority's written questions and requests for information  
(ExQ1) - Issued on 13 September 2024 – Welsh Government Response**

Welsh Government notes the response [MOCNS-J3303-RPS-10289](#) and thanks the applicant. This response is a coordinated one, from across several policy areas of Welsh Government.

The Welsh Government welcomes the approach which is to be taken towards the Skills and Employment Plan as well as the Community Investment Plan. As noted in the previous response, a just transition requires local communities to benefit from these significant infrastructure projects. Welsh Government is here to support the applicant to maximise those opportunities and look forward to ensuring a co-ordinated approach to these with other significant projects.

It is noted that the applicant is working with Cadw on a Statement of Common Ground. The Historic Environment (Wales) Act 2023 will come into force on 4 Nov 2024 and any implications will be discussed under the Statement of Common Ground.

Welsh Government notes that the applicant seems to be having some issues with contacting certain stakeholders. Welsh Government is happy to try to support the applicant in trying to engage with these stakeholders.

In anticipation of the hearing sessions, the Welsh Government will field officials (thematic leads) with the most detailed knowledge in respect of the thematic area being examined if requested by the Examination Authority.

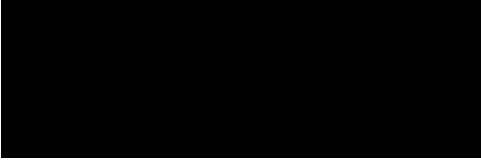
Canolfan Cyswllt Cyntaf / First Point of Contact Centre:  
[ChiefRegionalOfficerNorth@gov.wales](mailto:ChiefRegionalOfficerNorth@gov.wales)  
Sarn Mynach, Cyffordd Llandudno / Llandudno  
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Rydym yn croesawu derbyn gohebiaeth yn Gymraeg. Byddwn yn ateb gohebiaeth a dderbynnir yn Gymraeg yn Gymraeg ac ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

We welcome receiving correspondence in Welsh. Any correspondence received in Welsh will be answered in Welsh and corresponding in Welsh will not lead to a delay in responding.

Please find attached a response to specific questions raised by the examination authority at Annex A.

Yours sincerely



**Rhys Morris**

**Prif Swyddog Rhanbarthol Gogledd, Canolbarth a Gorllewin Cymru /**

**Chief Regional Officer, North, Mid and West Wales**

Grŵp yr Economi, Egni a Cynllunio / Economy, Energy and Planning Group

Llywodraeth Cymru / Welsh Government

Reference	Question	Welsh Government Response
<b>ExQ1</b>		
<b>1.12</b>	<b>Land Use</b>	
Q1.12.2	In its WR [REP1-051] the Welsh Government identified 8 specific areas of additional information that it considered necessary in order to review your Agricultural Land Classification field survey. Do you intend to submit this information to the Examination? If not, please explain why you consider it is not needed.	Although it is noted this question is directed towards the applicant, the Welsh Government Land use department has been approached by the Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) surveyor (RPS) for a meeting to discuss the additional information required by the Department (as detailed in [REP1-051]) to validate the ALC survey. Meeting dates in early October have been offered by the Department.
1.13	<b>Landscape and Visual and Good Design</b>	
Q.1.13.10	<p>The maintenance and replanting period for deceased mitigation planting or tree is stated as 5 years in the OLEMP [REP2-084], section 1.8.3.,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Given the reliance on planting to reduce significant effects over a 15-year period, is 5 years sufficient?</li> <li>• In the instance where mitigation planting or trees needed replacing after five years, who would be responsible for it?</li> </ul> <p>After 5 years, what mechanism would be in place to ensure that the mitigation planting and trees would reach sufficient maturity and quality as to fulfil the mitigation function as required?</p>	Although it is noted this question is directed towards the applicant, we note you raise issues around the 5-year aftercare limit that the applicant has placed on mitigation tree planting. You may wish to note that Natural Resources Wales (NRW) as forest regulator for Wales, uses a standard 10-year tree maintenance condition in its felling licences to protect replanted trees from damage by pests, undertake weed control as necessary and replace any failed trees/ tree losses in order to achieve the tree stocking density required to establish a replacement woodland/forest. Welsh Government's standard post planting maintenance condition for grant aided woodland creation is 12 years. It is recommended that a longer aftercare period is adopted in line with these. Your Q.1.18.11 also refers.
1.18	<b>Onshore Biodiversity, Ecology and Natural Environment</b>	

<p>Q.1.18.8</p>	<p>OLEMP [REP2-034] Are you satisfied with the Applicant's onshore/landfall approach to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>i) habitats - mitigation, management, and monitoring;</li><li>and ii) protected species – mitigation, management, and monitoring. If not, can you provide reasons with supporting evidence to justify your position.</li></ul>	<p>We note that Welsh Government has not been asked for a response but make the following points in relation to the Applicant's "Response to Welsh Government and Cadw's written representations" which was in response to REP1-051/REP1-052:</p> <p>REP 1-052-15 – We welcome the explanation and figures provided in relation to the amount of compensatory planting to counteract the loss of woodland in W2. However, we still recommend that the applicant be asked to set out a full list of trees/woodland/hedges and their status and area/length to be lost/restored at this point in proceedings rather than later, so that an assessment of the balance between loss and mitigation is possible. We note you have requested this at Q1.18.23.</p> <p>The applicant's response still indicates ambiguity around the removal of ancient/veteran trees, concluding that rather than avoid removal, the Arboricultural Method Statement (still to be drafted) will confirm whether any such trees will be removed. We also note that additional detail around tree establishment, tree protection, stocking density and maintenance have yet to be provided in the LEMP (Landscape and Ecology Management Plan) and/or tree survey clarification note at Level 3 (see REP 1-052-16).</p> <p>If this detail is to be drafted after the Inspectorate decide the application, would the local planning authority have the necessary expert resources available to undertake assessment and negotiation of these more detailed documents, in addition to day to day duties?</p> <p>REP1-052-16 – we have concerns in relation to the applicant's intended 5-year aftercare period for planted trees, and recommend the longer aftercare periods adopted by both Natural Resources Wales (NRW) as forest regulator, or Welsh Government, as set out in our response to Q.1.13.10.</p>
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		<p>REP1-052-17 – We are satisfied with the responses to the issues raised in this section.</p> <p>We note that you have asked NRW and conservation bodies specifically about habitat and protected species mitigation. We assume this will also cover such mitigation during tree felling operations as part of the development so we will not comment further here.</p>
Q.1.18.23	<p>Trees, Woodlands and Hedgerows</p> <p>Can the Applicant provide a table listing habitats such as trees, ancient trees, veteran trees, woodlands, and hedgerows, and indicate total quantities related to length/number/area for temporary loss, permanent loss, replacement and enhancement.</p>	<p>We note you asked for a table listing and quantifying the trees, veteran trees, woods and hedgerows to be lost or replanted. It would also be helpful to capture the extent of any commercial plantation to be lost, if any, in terms of area, timber volume and proposed mitigation area and species.</p>
<b>1.21</b>	<b>Socio-economics</b>	
Q1.21.1	<p><b>Skills and supply chain opportunities</b></p> <p>Are you satisfied with the Applicant's response to your submissions in relation to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• skills and workforce [REP2-079], ref REP1-052.9; and,</li> <li>• supply chain development [REP2-079], ref REP1-052.12?</li> </ul> <p>If not, what additional commitment do you seek at this stage of the project?</p>	<p><b>Skills and Workforce</b></p> <p>In relation to the outline Skills and Employment Plan – it should also recognise the Welsh Government's 'Stronger, fairer, greener Wales: a plan for employability and skills' as a 'Key consideration' particularly in the context of devolved powers, fair work approaches and different policies/funding models on matters such as apprenticeships and that Wales has a distinct careers advice service – Careers Wales, that also has an Education-Business support offer.</p> <p>Additionally, in terms of taking forward the Outline Skills and Employment Plan, it will be critical for the applicant to develop a stronger collaborative partnership with the Regional Skills Partnership and to work closely with the four further and higher education facilities to help plan effectively for the delivery of relevant training and skills</p>

provision across the lifetime of the project. Although it is recognised that some engagement has taken place, it would be useful to commit to greater engagement and consideration to how this could be committed to under the dDCO would be of benefit. This includes co-ordinating efforts with other relevant infrastructure projects. Welsh Government would welcome a further conversation on this with the applicant.

**Supply Chain Development**

Whilst we recognise that there has been positive engagement on a number of areas, reflecting our original submission to the examining authority we believe there could be opportunities to improve and formalise engagement and collaboration on these and other critical areas.

WG has and continues to play a critical role with partners in a range of related policy areas that can and will support the developers ambitions/objectives with the Mona project and aligning with Welsh Governments overall ambition of a just, stronger, greener, prosperous Wales. The following, highlights how some of the current policies that can and would achieve mutual benefits:

- *Net Zero Carbon Budget 2* - the second emissions reduction plan, covering the period from 2021 to 2025 which aims to make Wales net zero by 2050.
- *A Sector Deal for the Renewables Sector* - which will help set out agreed policy aims and delivery in collaboration with partners.
- *A Manufacturing Future for Wales: Our Journey to Wales 4.0*– the strategic plan aimed at transforming the manufacturing sector in Wales to align with the principles of the fourth industrial revolution.

- *The Innovation Strategy Wales* aims to develop an innovative culture by focussing on several key overarching objectives ranging from climate action to educational excellence.
- *Cymraeg 2050*: The Welsh language strategy aims to have one million Welsh speakers by 2050. It focuses on increasing the number of Welsh speakers, enhancing the use of Welsh in daily life, and creating favourable conditions for the language to thrive.
- *The North Wales Regional Economic Framework* aims to address the region's economic challenges and improve the lives of its residents – a key thrust of the main priorities includes collaboration to deliver a low carbon economy.

Welsh Government also provides critical direct business support through Business Wales and Sell2Wales.

Business Wales aims to improve supply chains and help suppliers develop their understanding and completion of the procurement processes such as pre-qualification questionnaires, tenders and quality control accreditation. The service also works with buyers to host appropriate events including supplier briefings, meet the buyer events, joint bidding and pre-market soundings.

Business Wales Tendering Advisers are available to help businesses become 'fit for tender' to improve their chances of winning contracts, and sub-contracting work. They also help businesses understand buyer needs and expectations, and how to make the most of the Welsh Government's procurement portal - Sell2Wales, including help with registration and improving profiles.

In trying to help formalise and structure future engagement and possible collaboration, Welsh Government proposes to set out a non-

		legal Memorandum of Understanding to help define joint working principles and agreement on key areas of joint working such as – community benefits, skills development, ports development and improvements, supply chains, fair work and Welsh Language matters.
Q1.21.2	<p><b>Welsh Language</b> The Applicant's submissions in [REP2-079], ref REP1-052.8 are noted. Can the Applicant respond to the recommendation of the Welsh Government [REP1-051], pages 5-6 that [APP-045] is assessed by an experienced language planning practitioner?</p>	Welsh Government note this question is directed toward the applicant however, WG considers there would be value for the WLIA to be reviewed (rather than assessed) by an experienced language planner.
Q1.21.3	<p><b>Community benefits and local ownership</b> How do you respond to the Applicant's submissions on securing community benefits [REP2-079], ref REP1-052.5? Does this provide satisfactory commitment and if not, what additional commitment might you expect to see at this stage?</p>	<p>Welsh Government welcomes the overall intention to develop a community benefits approach by the applicant in collaboration and partnership with ourselves and other relevant stakeholders. As noted, we would like to seek the formalising/structuring of such discussions under the auspices of a proposed MoU.</p> <p>It would also be useful to ensure certain principles are outlined to ensure the communities are clear as to what might be within scope and not within scope as early as possible. Welsh Government has published <a href="#">The Guidance for developers, local communities and decision makers: Local and shared ownership of energy projects in Wales</a> to support developers and communities. Community Energy Wales, Planning Aid Wales and Design Commission for Wales are all relevant organisations which could support the applicant with developing the Community Investment Plan.</p>
Q1.21.9	<p><b>Skills and Employment Plan</b> As named relevant authorities for the purposes of R19 [REP2-004], are you content that the Skills and Employment Plan would (following consultation with you) be subject to notification rather than approval? If not, provide suggested alternative wording for R19.</p>	Although noted the question is not directed towards Welsh Government, we would also value understanding the applicants response to Q1.21.6 and Q1.21.8 – it is critical that there should be joint collaboration with Welsh Government/regional partners in establishing an effective monitoring and evaluation approach and also to play a role in reviewing how effective the SEP will be and to make



		necessary improvements. Welsh Government would also see the RSP playing a critical role in shaping and formalising the final SEP.
1.22	<b>Traffic and Transport</b>	
Q1.22.3	<p><b>Protective Provisions</b></p> <p>Are you satisfied with the protective provisions in Part 6, Schedule 10 of the dDCO [REP2-004]. If there are any changes you would like made, please provide alternative wording and explain why it is considered necessary.</p>	The Welsh Government Highways department are making progress with the applicant and is currently in discussions to agree suitable wording of clauses relating to the disposal and/or transfer of apparatus.
Q1.22.6	<p><b>Construction Port</b></p> <p>Can you provide an update on the port of origin for any deliveries to the substation or for the offshore works? If a port has now been identified, do any changes to the Transport Assessment or OCTMP need to be made?</p>	Although noted that this is not directed towards Welsh Government, as previously stated in our original response; Welsh Government would welcome clarity on the applicant's port of origin and believe that both north Wales strategic ports of Holyhead and Mostyn should or could provide relevant services for the project. Welsh Government as part of its over transport strategy on ports would of course be happy to have further engagement to consider what further role it could play in any future development plans – an area we believe that could be addressed as part of MoU agreement between applicant and Welsh Government.



Anfonwyd at: [monaoffshorewindproject@planninginpectorate.gov.uk](mailto:monaoffshorewindproject@planninginpectorate.gov.uk)

30 Medi 2024

Annwyl Arolygiaeth Gynllunio

**Parthed: Cais gan Mona Offshore Wind Limited ar gyfer Fferm wynt alltrach Mona  
Cwestiynau a cheisiadau ysgrifenedig yr Awdurdod Archwilio am wybodaeth  
(ExQ1) - Cyhoeddwyd ar 13 Medi 2024 – Ymateb Llywodraeth Cymru**

Mae Llywodraeth Cymru'n nodi'r ymateb [MOCNS-J3303-RPS-10289](#) ac yn diolch i'r ymgeisydd. Mae'r ymateb hwn yn cydlynu sawl maes polisi yn Llywodraeth Cymru.

Mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn croesawu'r dull gweithredu sydd wedi ei nodi ar gyfer y Cynllun Sgiliau a Chyflogaeth yn ogystal â'r Cynllun Buddsoddi Cymunedol. Fel y nodwyd yn yr ymateb blaenorol, mae trawsnewid cyfiawn yn golygu fod cymunedau lleol i elwa o'r prosiectau seilwaith sylweddol hyn. Mae Llywodraeth Cymru yma i gefnogi'r ymgeisydd i fanteisio i'r eithaf ar y cyfleoedd hynny ac yn edrych ymlaen at sicrhau dull cyd gysylltiedig i gyflawni hyn, gan weithio gyda phrosiectau arwyddocaol eraill.

Nodir bod yr ymgeisydd yn gweithio gyda Cadw ar Ddatganiad o Dir Cyffredin. Bydd Deddf yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol (Cymru) 2023 yn dod i rym ar 4 Tachwedd 2024 a bydd unrhyw oblygiadau yn cael eu trafod o dan y Datganiad o Sail Gyffredin.

Mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn nodi for yr ymgeisydd i weld yn gwynebu rhai problemau wrth gysylltu â rhanddeiliaid penodol. Gall Llywodraeth Cymru ymgeisio i gefnogi'r ymgeisydd i geisio ymgysylltu â'r rhanddeiliaid hyn.

Wrth edrych ymlaen at y sesiynau gwrandawriad, os bydd yr Awdurdod Arholi yn cwilio am wybodaeth penodol, bydd Llywodraeth Cymru barod i gael sywddogion pwrpasol (arweinwyr thematig) a fydd gyda'r wybodaeth fwyaf manwl mewn perthynas â'r maes thematig dan sylw,.

Canolfan Cyswllt Cyntaf / First Point of Contact Centre:  
[ChiefRegionalOfficerNorth@gov.wales](mailto:ChiefRegionalOfficerNorth@gov.wales)  
Sarn Mynach, Cyffordd Llandudno / Llandudno  
Junction, Conwy LL31 9RZ

Rydym yn croesawu derbyn gohebiaeth yn Gymraeg. Byddwn yn ateb gohebiaeth a dderbynnir yn Gymraeg yn Gymraeg ac ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

We welcome receiving correspondence in Welsh. Any correspondence received in Welsh will be answered in Welsh and corresponding in Welsh will not lead to a delay in responding.

Gweler atodiad A ar gyfer ymateb i gwestiynau penodol a godwyd gan yr awdurdod archwilio.

Yn gywir



**Rhys Morris**

**Prif Swyddog Rhanbarthol Gogledd, Canolbarth a Gorllewin Cymru /  
Chief Regional Officer, North, Mid and West Wales**

Grŵp yr Economi, Egni a Cynllunio / Economy, Energy and Planning Group  
Llywodraeth Cymru / Welsh Government

Cyfeiriad	Cwestiwn	Ymateb Llywodraeth Cymru
<b>ExQ1</b>		
<b>1.12</b>	<b>Defnydd Tir</b>	
Q1.12.2	<p><b>Gwybodaeth ychwanegol</b></p> <p>Yn ei WR [REP1-051], amlygodd Llywodraeth Cymru 8 maes penodol o wybodaeth ychwanegol yr oedd o'r farn eu bod yn angenrheidiol er mwyn adolygu eich arolwg maes Dosbarthiad Tir Amaethyddol. A ydych chi'n bwriadu cyflwyno'r wybodaeth hon i'r Archwiliad? Os na, esboniwch pam nad ydych yn credu ei bod yn angenrheidiol</p>	<p>Er y nodir bod y cwestiwn hwn wedi'i gyfeirio at yr ymgeisydd, mae'r syrfêwr Dosbarthu Tir (ALC) (RPS) wedi cysylltu â'r Adran Defnydd Tir Amaethyddol, Llywodraeth Cymru am gyfarfod i drafod y wybodaeth ychwanegol sy'n ofynnol gan yr Adran (fel y manylir yn [REP1-051]) i ddilysu'r arolwg ALC. Mae'r Adran wedi cynnig dyddiadau cyfarfod ddechrau mis Hydref.</p>
1.13	<b>Tirwedd a Dylunio Gweledol a Da</b>	
Q.1.13.10	<p><b>OLEMP</b></p> <p>Dywedir mai'r cyfnod cynnal a chadw ac ailblannu ar gyfer planhigion neu goed lliniarol sydd wedi marw yw 5 mlynedd yn yr OLEMP [REP2-084], adran 1.8.3.,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• O ystyried y ddibyniaeth ar blannu i leihau effeithiau arwyddocaol dros gyfnod o 15 mlynedd, a yw 5 mlynedd yn ddigonol?</li> <li>• Pe byddai angen i blanhigion neu goed lliniarol gael eu hamnewid ar ôl pum mlynedd, pwy fyddai'n gyfrifol am hynny?</li> </ul> <p>Ar ôl 5 mlynedd, pa ddull fyddai ar waith i sicrhau bod y planhigion a'r coed lliniarol yn cyrraedd aeddfedrwydd</p>	<p>Er y nodir bod y cwestiwn hwn wedi'i gyfeirio at yr ymgeisydd, nodwn eich bod yn codi materion ynghylch y terfyn ôl-ofal 5 mlynedd, yr hyn y mae'r ymgeisydd wedi'i gynnwys ar liniaru blannu coed. Efallai yr hoffech nodi bod Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru (CNC) fel rheoleiddiwr coedwigoedd Cymru, yn defnyddio cyfnod cynnal a chadw coed o 10 mlynedd yn safonol yn ei drwyddedau cwmpo coed, hyn i ddiogelu coed sydd wedi'u hailblannu rhag difrod gan blâu, ymgymryd â rheolaeth chwyn yn ôl yr angen a disodli unrhyw goed/coed sydd wedi methu er mwyn cyflawni'r dwysedd stocio coed sy'n ofynnol i sefydlu coedtir/coedwig newydd. Amod cynnal a chadw ôl-blannu safonol Llywodraeth Cymru ar gyfer creu coetiroedd â chymorth grant yw 12 mlynedd. Argymhellir mabwysiadu cyfnod ôl-ofal hirach yn unol â'r rhain. Mae eich Q.1.18.11 hefyd yn cyfeirio.</p>

	ac ansawdd digonol i gyflawni'r swyddogaeth liniaru fel sy'n ofynnol?	
1.18	<b>Bioamrywiaeth ar y Tir, Ecoleg a'r Amgylchedd Naturiol</b>	
Q.1.18.8	<p><b>OLEMP [REP2-034]</b> A ydych chi'n fodlon ar ymagwedd ar y tir/glanfa'r Ymgeisydd at:</p> <p>i) gynefinoedd – lliniaru, rheoli, a monitro; a ii) rhywogaethau a warchodir – lliniaru, rheoli, a monitro.</p> <p>Os na, a allwch chi roi rhesymau gyda thystiolaeth ategol i gyfiawnhau eich safbwynt.</p>	<p>Nodwn na ofynnwyd i Lywodraeth Cymru am ymateb ond am wneud y pwyntiau canlynol mewn perthynas ag "Ymateb i Lywodraeth Cymru a sylwadau ysgrifenedig Cadw" yr Ymgeisydd a oedd mewn ymateb i REP1-051/REP1-052:</p> <p>REP 1-052-15 – Rydym yn croesawu'r esboniad a'r ffigurau a ddarparwyd mewn perthynas â faint o blannu iawndal i wrthsefyll colli coetir yn W2. Fodd bynnag, rydym yn dal i argymhell y dylid gofyn i'r ymgeisydd nodi rhestr lawn o goed/coetir/gwrychoedd a'u statws a'u hardal/hyd i'w colli/hadfer ar hyn o bryd yn y broses yn hytrach nag yn hwyrach, fel bod asesiad o'r cydbwysedd rhwng colled a lliniaru yn bosibl. Rydym yn nodi eich bod wedi gofyn am hyn yn Ch1.18.23.</p> <p>Mae ymateb yr ymgeisydd yn dal i ddangos amwysedd ynghylch cael gwared ar goed hynafol/hynafol, gan ddod i'r casgliad y bydd y Datganiad Dull Garddwriaethol (sydd eto i'w ddrafftio) yn cadarnhau a fydd unrhyw goed o'r fath yn cael eu tynnu. Nodwn hefyd nad yw manylion ychwanegol ynghylch sefydlu coed, diogelu coed, dwysedd stocio a chynnal a chadw eto yn y Cynllun Rheoli Tirwedd ac Ecoleg a/nag yn y nodyn eglurhad arolwg coed ar Lefel 3 (gweler REP 1-052-16).</p> <p>Os bwriedir drafftio'r manylion hyn ar ôl i'r Arolygiaeth benderfynu ar y cais, a fyddai gan yr awdurdod cynllunio lleol yr adnoddau arbenigol angenrheidiol ar gael i asesu a thrafod y dogfennau manylach hyn, yn ogystal â dyletswyddau o ddydd i ddydd?</p> <p>REP1-052-16 – mae gennym bryderon mewn perthynas â chyfnod ôl-ofal 5 mlynedd arfaethedig yr ymgeisydd ar gyfer coed a blannwyd, ac rydym yn argymhell y cyfnodau ôl-ofal hirach a fabwysiadwyd gan</p>

		<p>Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru (CNC) fel rheoleiddiwr coedwigoedd, neu Lywodraeth Cymru, fel y nodir yn ein hymateb i Ch.1.13.10.</p> <p>REP1-052-17 – Rydym yn fodlon â'r ymatebion i'r materion a godwyd yn yr adran hon.</p> <p>Nodwn eich bod wedi gofyn i CNC a chyrrff cadwraeth yn benodol am gynefinoedd a lliniaru rhywogaethau a warchodir. Rydym yn tybio y bydd hyn hefyd yn cynnwys lliniaru o'r fath yn ystod gweithrediadau cwmpo coed fel rhan o'r datblygiad felly ni fyddwn yn gwneud sylw pellach yma.</p>
Q.1.18.23	<p><b>Coed, Coetiroedd a Gwrychoedd</b> A all yr Ymgeisydd ddarparu tabl sy'n rhestru cynefinoedd megis coed, coed hynafol, coed cyn-filwr, coetiroedd, a gwrychoedd, a nodi cyfanswm y meintiau sy'n ymwneud â hyd/nifer/arwynebedd ar gyfer colled dros dro, colled barhaol, amnewid a gwella.</p>	<p>Nodwn eich bod wedi gofyn am restr tabl a meintioli'r coed, coed cyn-filwyr, coedydd a gwrychoedd i'w colli neu eu hailblannu. Byddai hefyd yn ddefnyddiol nodi maint yr ardal o blanhigion masnachol sydd i'w cholli, os yn berthnasol, cyfaint y pren a'r ardal lliniaru yn ogystal â'r rhywogaeth.</p>
<b>1.21</b>	<b>Economaidd-gymdeithasol</b>	
Q1.21.1	<p><b>Sgiliau a chyfleoedd cadwyn gyflenwi</b> A ydych chi'n fodlon ar ymateb yr Ymgeisydd i'ch cyflwyniadau mewn perthynas â:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sgiliau a'r gweithlu [REP2-079], cyf REP1-052.9; a,</li> <li>• datblygu cadwyn gyflenwi [REP2-079], cyf REP1-052.12?</li> </ul> <p>Os na, pa ymrwymiad ychwanegol ydych chi'n ei geisio ar yr adeg hon o'r prosiect?</p>	<p><b>Sgiliau a'r Gweithlu</b> Mewn perthynas â'r Cynllun Sgiliau a Chyflogaeth amlinellol - dylai hefyd gydnabod 'Cymru gryfach, decach, gwyrddach: cynllun ar gyfer cyflogadwyedd a sgiliau' fel 'Ystyriaeth allweddol' yn enwedig yng nghyd-destun pwerau datganoledig, dulliau gwaith teg a gwahanol bolisiau / modelau cyllido ar faterion fel prentisiaethau a bod gan Gymru wasanaeth cynghori gyrfaoedd penodol – Gyrfa Cymru, sydd hefyd â chynnig cymorth Addysg-Busnes.</p> <p>O ran bwrw ymlaen â'r Cynllun Sgiliau Amlinellol a Chyflogaeth, bydd yn hanfodol i'r ymgeisydd ddatblygu partneriaeth gydweithredol gryfach gyda'r Bartneriaeth Sgiliau Rhanbarthol a gweithio'n agos gyda'r pedwar cyfleuster addysg bellach ac uwch i gynllunio'n</p>

effeithiol ar gyfer darparu hyfforddiant perthnasol a darpariaeth sgiliau drwy gydol oes y prosiect. Er y cydnabyddir bod rhywfaint o ymgysylltu wedi digwydd, byddai'n ddefnyddiol ymrwymo i fwy o ymgysylltiad ac ystyried sut y gellid ymrwymo i hyn o dan y dDCO o fudd. Mae hyn yn cynnwys cydlynu ymdrechion gyda phrosiectau seilwaith perthnasol eraill. Byddai Llywodraeth Cymru yn croesawu trafodaeth bellach ar hyn gyda'r ymgeisydd.

### **Datblygu Cadwyn Gyflenwi**

Er ein bod yn cydnabod bod ymgysylltu cadarnhaol wedi bod ar nifer o feysydd, gan adlewyrchu ein cyflwyniad gwreiddiol i'r awdurdod arholi, credwn y gallai fod cyfleoedd i wella a ffurfioli ymgysylltiad a chydweithio ar y rhain a meysydd hanfodol eraill.

Mae gan LLC, ac yn parhau, i chwarae rhan hanfodol gyda phartneriaid mewn ystod o feysydd polisi cysylltiedig a all ac a fydd yn cefnogi uchelgeisiau/amcanion y datblygwyr gyda phrosiect Mona ac sy'n cyd-fynd ag uchelgais cyffredinol Llywodraeth Cymru o Gymru gyfiawn, gryfach, wyrddach, ffyniannus. Mae'r canlynol, yn tynnu sylw at sut mae rhai o'r polisiâu cyfredol a all ac a fyddai'n cyflawni manteision i'r ddwy ochr:

- *Cyllideb Carbon Sero Net 2* - yr ail gynllun lleihau allyriadau, sy'n cwmpasu'r cyfnod rhwng 2021 a 2025 sy'n anelu at wneud Cymru'n sero net erbyn 2050.
- *Bargen Sector ar gyfer y Sector Adnewyddadwy* - a fydd yn helpu i nodi nodau polisi a chyflawni cytunedig mewn cydweithrediad â phartneriaid.
- *Dyfodol Gweithgynhyrchu i Gymru: Ein Taith i Gymru 4.0*– y cynllun strategol gyda'r nod o drawsnewid y sector

gweithgynhyrchu yng Nghymru i gyd-fynd ag egwyddorion y pedwerydd chwyldro diwydiannol.

- *Nod Strategaeth Arloesi Cymru* yw datblygu diwylliant arloesol trwy ganolbwyntio ar sawl amcan allweddol yn amrywio o weithredu yn yr hinsawdd i ragoriaeth addysgol.
- *Cymraeg 2050*: Nod strategaeth y Gymraeg yw cael miliwn o siaradwyr Cymraeg erbyn 2050. Mae'n canolbwyntio ar gynyddu nifer y siaradwyr Cymraeg, gwella'r defnydd o'r Gymraeg mewn bywyd bob dydd, a chreu amodau ffafriol i'r iaith ffynnu.
- *Nod Fframwaith Economaidd Rhanbarthol Gogledd Cymru* yw mynd i'r afael â heriau economaidd y rhanbarth a gwella bywydau ei thrigolion - mae byrdwn allweddol o'r prif flaenoriaethau yn cynnwys cydweithio i sicrhau economi carbon isel.

Mae Llywodraeth Cymru hefyd yn darparu cymorth busnes uniongyrchol hanfodol drwy Busnes Cymru a GwerthwchiGymru.

Nod Busnes Cymru yw gwella cadwyni cyflenwi a helpu cyflenwyr i ddatblygu eu dealltwriaeth ac i gwblhau'r prosesau caffael er enghraifft holiaduron cyn cymhwyso, tendrau ac achrediad rheoli ansawdd. Mae'r gwasanaeth hefyd yn gweithio gyda phrynwyr i gynnal digwyddiadau priodol gan gynnwys sesiynau briffio cyflenwyr, cwrdd â digwyddiadau'r prynwyr, cynnig ar y cyd a seiniau cyn y farchnad.

Mae Cynghorwyr Tandro Busnes Cymru ar gael i helpu busnesau i ddod yn 'addas ar gyfer tendr' i wella eu siawns o ennill contractau, a gwaith is-gontractio. Maent hefyd yn helpu busnesau i ddeall anghenion a disgwyliadau prynwyr, a sut i wneud y gorau o borth



		<p>caffael Llywodraeth Cymru - GwerthwchiGymru, gan gynnwys help gyda chofrestru a gwella proffiliau.</p> <p>Wrth geisio helpu ffurfioli a strwythuro ymgysylltiad yn y dyfodol a chydweithio posibl, mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn cynnig gosod Memorandwm Cyd-ddealltwriaeth, nad yw'n gyfreithiol, i helpu i ddiffinio egwyddorion gweithio ar y cyd a chytundeb ar feysydd allweddol o gydweithio megis - buddion cymunedol, datblygu sgiliau, datblygu a gwella porthladdoedd, cadwyni cyflenwi, gwaith teg a materion yn ymwneud â'r Gymraeg.</p>
Q1.21.2	<p><b>Y Gymraeg</b> Nodir cyflwyniadau'r Ymgeisydd yn [REP2-079], cyf REP1-052.8. A all yr Ymgeisydd ymateb i argymhelliad Llywodraeth Cymru [REP1-051], tudalennau 5-6, bod [APP045] yn cael ei asesu gan ymarferydd cynllunio iaith profiadol?</p>	<p>Mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn nodi bod y cwestiwn hwn wedi'i gyfeirio at yr ymgeisydd, fodd bynnag, mae Llywodraeth Cymru o'r farn y byddai gwerth i'r Asesiad o'r Effaith ar y Gymraeg (WLIA) gael ei adolygu (yn hytrach na'i asesu) gan gynllunydd iaith profiadol.</p>
Q1.21.3	<p><b>Buddion cymunedol a pherchnogaeth leol</b> Sut ydych chi'n ymateb i gyflwyniadau'r Ymgeisydd ynglŷn â sicrhau buddion cymunedol [REP2-079], cyf REP1-052.5? A yw hyn yn darparu ymrwymiad boddhaol ac, os na, pa ymrwymiad ychwanegol y gallech chi ddisgwyl ei weld ar y cam hwn?</p>	<p>Mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn croesawu'r bwriad cyffredinol i ddatblygu dull buddion cymunedol gan yr ymgeisydd mewn cydweithrediad a phartneriaeth â ni a rhanddeiliaid perthnasol eraill. Fel y nodwyd, hoffem geisio ffurfioli/strwythuro trafodaethau o'r fath o dan drafodaethau ar y Memorandwm Cyd-ddealltwriaeth arfaethedig.</p> <p>Byddai hefyd yn ddefnyddiol sicrhau bod rhai egwyddorion yn cael eu hamlinellu i sicrhau bod y cymunedau'n glir ynghylch yr hyn a allai fod o fewn cwrpas ac nid o fewn cwrpas cyn gynted â phosibl. Mae Llywodraeth Cymru wedi cyhoeddi <a href="#">Canllawiau i ddatblygwyr, cymunedau lleol a'r rhai sy'n gwneud penderfyniadau: Perchnogaeth leol a rhanberchnogaeth ar brosiectau ynni yng Nghymru</a>. Mae Ynni Cymunedol Cymru, Cymorth Cynllunio Cymru a Chomisiwn Dylunio Cymru i gyd yn sefydliadau perthnasol a allai gefnogi'r ymgeisydd i ddatblygu'r Cynllun Buddsoddi Cymunedol.</p>

Q1.21.9	<p><b>Cynllun Sgiliau a Chyflogaeth</b>  A chithau'n awdurdodau perthnasol a enwyd at ddibenion R19 [REP2-004], a ydych chi'n fodlon y byddai'r Cynllun Sgiliau a Chyflogaeth (yn dilyn ymgynghoriad â chi) yn destun hysbysu yn hytrach na chymeradwyo? Os na, awgrymwch eiriad amgen ar gyfer R19.</p>	<p>Er nad yw'r cwestiwn wedi'i gyfeirio at Lywodraeth Cymru, byddem hefyd yn gwerthfawrogi deall ymateb yr ymgeiswyr i Ch1.21.6 a Ch1.21.8 – mae'n hanfodol y dylid cydweithio ar y cyd â Llywodraeth Cymru/partneriaid rhanbarthol i sefydlu dull monitro a gwerthuso effeithiol a hefyd i chwarae rhan wrth adolygu pa mor effeithiol fydd y SEP a gwneud gwelliannau angenrheidiol. Byddai Llywodraeth Cymru hefyd yn gweld yr RSP yn chwarae rhan hanfodol wrth lunio a ffurfioli'r SEP terfynol.</p>
1.22	<p><b>Traffig a Thrafnidiaeth</b></p>	
Q1.22.3	<p><b>Darpariaethau Amddiffynnol</b>  A ydych chi'n fodlon ar y darpariaethau amddiffynnol yn Rhan 6, Atodlen 10 y dDCO [REP2-004]? Os oes unrhyw newidiadau yr hoffech eu gwneud, darparwch eiriad amgen ac esboniwch pam yr ystyrir ei fod yn angenrheidiol.</p>	<p>Mae adran Priffyrdd Llywodraeth Cymru yn gwneud cynnydd gyda'r ymgeisydd ac ar hyn o bryd gan eu bod mewn trafodaethau i gytuno ar eiriad addas o gymalau sy'n ymwneud â gwaredu a/neu drosglwyddo cyfarpar</p>
Q1.22.6	<p><b>Porthladd Adeiladu</b>  A allwch chi roi diweddariad ar y porthladd ar gyfer unrhyw ddanfoniadau i'r is-orsaf neu ar gyfer y gwaith alltraeth? Os oes porthladd wedi'i amlygu bellach, a oes angen gwneud unrhyw newidiadau i'r Asesiad Trafnidiaeth neu'r OCTMP?</p>	<p>Er y nodwyd nad yw hyn wedi'i gyfeirio at Lywodraeth Cymru, fel y nodwyd yn flaenorol yn ein hymateb gwreiddiol; byddai Llywodraeth Cymru yn croesawu eglurder ynghylch rôl y porthladd gan yr ymgeisydd ac yn credu y gall ac y dylai porthladdoedd strategol gogledd Cymru, Caergybi a Mostyn, ddarparu gwasanaethau perthnasol ar gyfer y prosiect. Byddai Llywodraeth Cymru, wrth reswm, fel rhan o'i strategaeth dros drafndiaeth ar borthladdoedd yn hapus i gael ymgysylltiad pellach i ystyried pa rôl bellach y gallai ei chwarae mewn unrhyw gynlluniau datblygu yn y dyfodol - maes y credwn y gellid mynd i'r afael ag ef fel rhan o Memorandwm Cydddealltwriaeth rhwng yr ymgeisydd a Llywodraeth Cymru.</p>